SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY

A Component Unit of the State of Connecticut

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Submitted by:

David W. Aldridge Executive Director

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Introductory Section



Board of Directors
Southeastern Connecticut Regional
Resources Recovery Authority
7 Hurlbutt Road
Gales Ferry, Connecticut 06335

We are pleased to present the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority's ("the Authority") Annual Comprehensive Financial Report prepared for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The accuracy, completeness and fairness of this report are the responsibility of the Authority's management. We believe this report, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and that it presents fairly the financial position of the Authority and the results of its operations. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Authority's financial affairs have been included.

The report is presented in three sections:

- The Introductory Section contains this transmittal letter, which provides a description of Authority operations, pertinent financial information and an outline of major initiatives accomplished in fiscal year 2022 and compared to fiscal year 2021. The Introductory Section also contains a list of Authority Board members and officials and an organizational chart.
- The Financial Section contains the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A"), the financial statements and related notes, and required supplementary information.
- The Statistical Section contains unaudited data on selected financial and operating data on a multi-year basis.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority ("SCRRRA") is comprised of twelve member municipalities in Southeastern Connecticut and was created in 1984 by joint resolution of those municipalities. The Authority is responsible for implementing solid waste recovery systems, recycling, and disposal services. Revenues generated by Authority operations, primarily disposal fees and investments, provide for the support of the Authority and

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its operations on a self-sustaining basis. In 1987 the Authority entered into a Bridge and Management Agreement with the Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority ("CRRA"); (CRRA and SCRRRA were here and after to be sometimes referred to as the Parties) to construct and operate a waste to energy ("WTE") facility in Preston Connecticut. In carrying out this mission the Parties utilized private industry to construct, maintain and operate the WTE facility. The WTE facility construction was financed by bonds facilitated by CRRA and secured by service agreements with the member municipalities and supported by revenues from the sale of electricity generated by the facility. In addition, the bonds were secured by a special capital reserve fund (backed by the State of Connecticut). The bonds used to finance construction of the WTE facility were paid in full on November 15, 2015. CRRA owned the facility until February 17, 2017, when the title was transferred to the operator, Covanta Holding Corporation. The forementioned Bridge and Management agreement between CRRA and SCRRRA was terminated effective July 12, 2017. Title to the land remains with SCRRRA who receives lease payments from Covanta. The Authority has contracts with the Member Municipalities that direct all solid waste generated within their boundaries to SCRRRA authorized facilities. contracts have expiration dates of December 31, 2030.

The Authority owned the Preston WTE facility through February 17, 2017 and continues to manage the closed ash landfill in Montville, Connecticut. SCRRRA provides single stream recycling with a private vendor for its member towns. The Authority provides additional waste management services to the towns of the southeastern portion of the state including household hazardous waste collections, recycling contracts for commodities processed through town transfer stations, and ongoing recycling education. The Authority owns and operates a large wood grinder providing wood reduction and removal services to both member and non-member towns also in the southeastern part of the state.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The Authority provides solid waste disposal services to twelve Connecticut municipalities in the southeastern portion of the state through service contract arrangements. The primary vendors for waste processing services are a mass burn WTE facility in Lisbon for disposal and a Materials Recovery Facility (MRF) in Willimantic CT which processes consumer recyclables.

On January 1, 2021, SCRRRA entered into a ten-year waste disposal agreement with Wheelabrator Technologies (now known as WIN Waste Innovations), the operator of the Lisbon, Connecticut WTE facility with an expiration date of December 31, 2030.

On October 1, 2019, SCRRRA entered into a 5 year recycled materials processing agreement with Willimantic Wastepaper Co. for processing consumer recyclable products from its 12 member municipalities with an expiration date of September 30, 2024.

OTHER OPERATIONS

The Authority provides recycling services to the 12 member municipality transfer stations for the following commodities that are collected there: used motor oil and antifreeze, freon, fluorescent bulbs, batteries, and tires. The Authority also coordinates several state-mandated programs for

the recycling of paint, mattresses, and consumer electronics. The Authority also owns and operates a horizontal wood grinder which is used to chip wood and brush collected at the transfer stations into a more manageable and useful mulch.

In addition to the transfer station support, the Authority provides 9 household hazardous waste collection events at no cost to residents. These events also offer free paper shredding.

The Authority is also responsible for the environmental monitoring of a closed ash landfill located in Montville, CT.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The Authority posted a decrease in the change in net position of \$11,425,127 in fiscal year 2022 compared to an increase in the change in net position of \$889,600 in fiscal year 2021.

In general, the Authority's tipping fees have been significantly reduced and stabilized since fiscal year 1995, enabling the Authority to deliver below market tipping fees to its members (see Exhibit 1 in the Statistical Section).

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Service charges are established by the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority.

The Authority uses the accrual basis of accounting, where revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Additional information regarding significant accounting policies can be found in the "Notes to the Financial Statements" in the Financial Section of this report.

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the Authority are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these goals are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Financial Results

The 2022 fiscal year financial operations showed an operating loss of \$4,937,971 compared to an operating loss of \$6,029,064 in 2021. The decrease in the change in net position for fiscal year 2022 of (\$11,425,127) represents a decrease of 1389% or \$12,354,262 from fiscal year 2021. Please refer to Summary of Operations and Change in Net Assets in the MD&A in the Financial Section of this report for additional discussion and analysis.

Total operating revenues for fiscal year 2022 were \$7,969,075, an increase of 5% or \$366,313 as compared to fiscal year 2021.

Total operating expenses for fiscal year 2022 were \$12,870,646, a decrease of 6% or \$761,180 as compared to fiscal year 2021. In prior years under the original Bridge Agreement, operating expenses were offset by proceeds earned from energy generation. Under the terms of the new service agreement with the operator of the WTE facility, energy generation revenue is retained by the facility operator. Please refer to the Summary of Expenses in the MD&A in the Financial Section of this report for additional discussion and analysis on the Authority's expenses.

Cash Management

During the year, cash was invested on a short-term basis. The Authority's primary short-term investment vehicles are Mutual Funds operated by Charles Schwab which had balances of \$43,885,719 as of June 30, 2022 and \$57,620,165 as of June 30, 2021. The annualized average yield for the Schwab mutual funds was 2.95% for the fiscal year 2022 and 3.66% for the fiscal year 2021. The Authority also invested in the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) operated by the Office of the Treasurer which had balances of \$2,316 as of June 30, 2022 and \$2,311 as of June 30, 2021. The annualized average yield for the STIF was .17% for fiscal year 2022 and .04% for fiscal year 2021. SCRRRA's investment policy does not include provisions for custodial credit risk, as SCRRRA does not invest in securities that are held by counterparties.

Risk Management

The Authority purchased commercial insurance for its direct ownership property and liability needs. The facility operator is obligated under the service agreement to provide property and liability insurance for the plant and its operations. The Authority has secured insurance coverage for a variety of environmental exposures related to the operation and control of the landfill. The Authority engages in an on-going evaluation of its risk exposures to prevent losses where possible and minimize the financial impact of those risks that must be undertaken.

Independent Audit

The Authority contracts an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Simione, Macca & Larrow LLP was selected in November 2021 to perform the audit for the year ended June 30, 2022. The auditors' report on the financial statements and required supplementary information is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

David W. Aldridge Executive Director

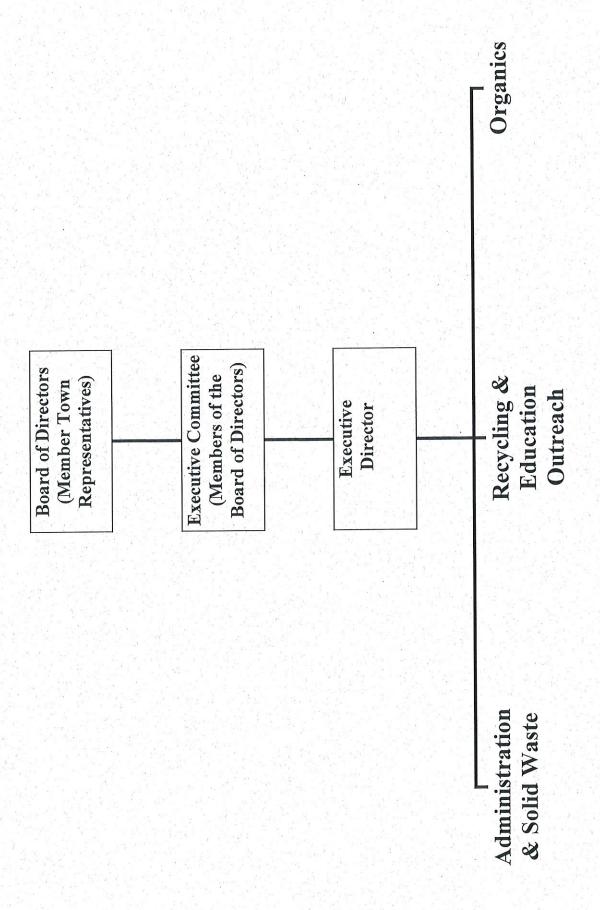
SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY REPRESENTATIVES AND ALTERNATES AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

Town	Representative	Alternate
East Lyme	Joseph Bragaw	Kevin Seery
Griswold	Todd Babbitt	VACANCY
Groton	Stacey Ohlmann Leitch	VACANCY
Ledyard	Joe Lozier	Steve Masalin
Montville	Mayor Ronald K. McDaniel	Donald Bourdeau
New London	Brian Sear	David DeNoia
North Stonington	Bob Carlson	Donald Hill
Norwich	Patrick McLaughlin	Brian Long
Preston	Sandra Allyn-Gauthier	Jim Corley
Sprague	Cheryl Blanchard	Paul Copenhagen
Stonington	John Phetteplace	VACANCY
Waterford	Gary Schneider	Daniel Matheson

Officers

President:
First Vice President:
Second Vice President:
Treasurer:
Secretary:
John Phetteplace
Joseph Bragaw
Todd Babbitt
Patrick McLaughlin
Gary Schneider

Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority Organization Chart



Financial Section

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY

Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Simione Macca & Larrow...

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS ADVISORS

"On Balance, We Offer You More."

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors

Southeastern Connecticut Regional

Resources Recovery Authority

Gales Ferry, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund of the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority ("SCRRRA"), a component unit of the State of Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SCRRRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund of the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of SCRRRA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SCRRA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the SCRRRA's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SCRRRA's ability to continue as a going

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

concern for a reasonable period of time.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2023, on our consideration of SCRRRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of

our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of SCRRRA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering SCRRRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Simione Maera & Larrow LLP Wethersfield, Connecticut

February 25, 2023

The Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority ("SCRRRA") is made up of twelve towns and was created in 1984 by a joint resolution of those municipalities. SCRRRA is responsible for implementing solid waste disposal, recycling, and resources recovery systems, facilities, and services. In 1987, SCRRRA entered into a Bridge and Management Agreement with Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority ("CRRA"); (CRRA and SCRRRA here and after sometimes referred to as the "Parties") to construct and operate a waste to energy ("WTE") facility in Preston, Connecticut. Revenues generated by SCRRRA's operations, primarily solid waste disposal fees and energy revenues, historically provided for the support of SCRRRA and its operations on a self-sustaining basis. In carrying out this mission the Parties utilized private industry to construct and operate a solid waste disposal and resources recovery facility. SCRRRA contracts with its member municipalities to provide waste management services and charges fees for their services. The member towns have agreed to deliver all their solid waste to SCRRRA facilities.

CRRA owned the Preston WTE facility through February 17, 2017, when the title to the facility was transferred to the private vendor operating the WTE facility pursuant to the terms of the contract. Title to the land under the WTE facility was retained by SCRRA. SCRRA's postbond revenue is now dependent on a combination of tip-fees charges for solid waste disposal and income derived from investments from past energy sales revenues. In January of 2020 SCRRAA entered into a new ten-year contract for waste disposal with Wheelabrator Technologies (subsequently named WIN Innovations), a WTE operator with a location in Lisbon, Connecticut. During the year ended June 30, 2012, SCRRAA entered into a five-year agreement with Willimantic Waste that will provide curbside mixed recycling for member towns at no cost. SCRRAA also owns an inactive ash landfill in Montville, Connecticut. SCRRAA provides additional waste management services to its member municipalities including household hazardous waste collections, transfer station recycling services and ongoing recycling education, all at no cost to the municipalities. SCRRAA owns and operates a horizontal wood grinder providing wood reduction and removal services to both member and non-member towns in the southeastern part of the state.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of SCRRRA's activities and financial performance introduce the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 as compared to June 30, 2021. Following the MD&A are the basic financial statements of SCRRAA together with the notes thereto, which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL POSITION SUMMARY

• Total fund net positions of SCRRRA were \$45,518,998 as of June 30, 2022, as compared to \$56,944,125 as of June 30, 2021 and are summarized as follows:

		(In Tho	usands)			
동일로 열심하다 하는 동안되면 있었다.		2022		2021		
ASSETS:						
Current unrestricted assets	\$	44,684	\$	57,399		
Capital assets:						
Depreciable, net		957		1,155		
Nondepreciable		1,688		1,688		
Lease receivable		1,033	4.			
Restricted non-current investments	**************************************	1,886		2,004		
Total Assets	\$	50,248	<u>\$</u>	62,246		
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities	\$	1,869	\$	3,414		
Long-term liabilities		2,860		1,888		
Total Liabilities		4,729		5,302		
NET POSITION:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,645		2,843		
Restricted for landfill post-closure reserve		1,886		2,004		
Unrestricted, board designated		40,988		52,097		
Total Net Position		45,519	4	56,944		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	50,248	\$	62,246		

- SCRRRA uses all capital assets to provide services to its members; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.
- SCRRRA was required by State and Federal laws and regulations to maintain a reserve fund to finance closure and post-closure care. SCRRRA had a reserve of \$1,886,150 that is restricted for landfill post-closure care at June 30, 2022.
- The remainder of SCRRRA's net position is considered unrestricted and may be used to meet SCRRRA's ongoing obligations to members and creditors.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following is an overview of significant changes within the Statement of Net Position during the past fiscal year:

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

Assets

Current unrestricted assets decreased by \$12,734,692 over 2021, mainly due to the decrease in investments and prepaid expenses and other assets.

Liabilities

Current liabilities decreased by \$1,545,055 primarily due to a decrease in accounts payables.

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of SCRRRA's financial position. In 2022, the change in net position was a loss of \$11,425,127 as a result of an operating loss of \$4,901,571, an unrealized loss in investments of \$8,222,803, investment income and dividends of \$1,581,359, and the change in post-closure care costs of \$117,888. In 2021, the change in net position was income of \$889,600 as a result of an operating loss of \$6,029,064, a net unrealized gain in investments of \$4,681,983, investment income and dividends of \$2,123,481 and the change in post-closure care costs of \$113,200.

Operating revenues in the amount of \$7,969,075 increased by \$366,313 or 5% as compared with fiscal year 2021. Operating expenses in the amount of \$12,870,646 decreased by \$761,180 or 6% as compared to fiscal year 2021. The nonoperating expenses of increased by \$13,442,220 or 194%. This increase in expenses resulted from the unrealized loss on investments and investment income in 2022.

Changes in Fund Net Position

Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

		(In Tho	usan	ds)
[[[요양생소리]] 나는 반들이 되면도 하면요 하는데		2022		2021
Operating revenues	\$	7,969	\$	7,603
Operating expenses		12,673		13,441
Excess (deficiency) before depreciation and	edd y Till			
other non-operating expense		(4,704)		(5,838)
Depreciation		198		191
Income (loss) before other non-operating revenues		(4,902)		(6,029)
Other nonoperating revenues		(6,523)		6,919
Change in net position		(11,425)		890
Total net position, beginning of year	r d <u>ati</u>	56,944		56,054
Total net position, end of year	\$	45,519	\$	56,944
				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

SCRRRA's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 totaled \$2,644,668. This investment includes land, leasehold improvements, facilities, furniture and equipment. This amount represents a decrease of \$197,991 which resulted from current year dispositions and depreciation of capital assets.

	(In T	s)	
	2022		2021
Depreciable assets:			
Leasehold improvements	\$ 18	1 \$	181
Facilities and equipment	1,610	6	1,617
Vehicles	17:	5	175
	1,972	2	1,973
Accumulated depreciation	1,01	5	818
Total depreciable assets, net	95	7	1,155
Nondepreciable assets:			
Land	1,68	8	1,688
Total capital assets	\$ 2,64	5 \$	2,843

Additional information on SCRRRA's capital assets can be found in Note 10 on page 21 of this report.

BUDGETING PROCESS

Annual appropriated operating budgets are adopted for the Authority by the Board of Directors. The Executive Director submits a detailed operating budget to the Executive Committee of the SCRRA Board. Upon their recommendation, the Executive Director moves the draft budget to the full Board for approval and establishment of the tip fee for the fiscal year.

Once approved, the Executive Director prepares a review and proposed adjustments to the Reserve Fund Accounts and presents them to the Executive Committee. Upon their recommendation, the Executive Director then moves the Reserve Fund package to the full Board. Upon approval the Executive Committee is free to authorize transfers of reserve funds as is required by the approved budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of SCRRRA's finances for all those with an interest in SCRRRA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director, 7 Hurlbutt Road, Gales Ferry, Connecticut.

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

		Operating Fund	Solid Waste Fund		Waste		Recycling Fund					Total	
ASSETS	<u> </u>												
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Current portion of lease receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets	\$	1,548,293 42,000,397 - - 148,277	\$	1,214 813,528 72,259 12,513	\$	239 87,949	\$	35 - -	\$	1,548,293 42,001,885 901,477 72,259 160,790			
Total Current Assets	<u> </u>	43,696,967	<u> </u>	899,514	· <u></u>	88,188		35	_	44,684,704			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS													
Capital assets: Depreciable, net Nondepreciable Lease receivable Landfill post-closure reserve		40,968 - - -		1,688,409 1,032,605 1,886,150				915,291 - - -		956,259 1,688,409 1,032,605 1,886,150			
Total Non-Current Assets		40,968		4,607,164			1 e	915,291		5,563,423			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	43,737,935	\$	5,506,678	\$	88,188	\$	915,326	\$	50,248,127			
LIABILITIES							- 1						
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other payables Accrued benefits Current portion of post-closure	\$	1,628,255 87,446	\$	118,752	\$	16,268	\$	- 17,998 -	\$	1,628,255 121,712 118,752			
care costs Total Current Liabilities	· ·	1,715,701	· ·	118,752	1	16,268		17,998		1,868,719			
		1,713,701	1 -		1,-77								
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Post-closure care costs			<u> </u>	1,767,398					- 5.	1,767,398			
Total Long-Term Liabilities			4	1,767,398			نا.		1	1,767,398			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		**************************************		1,093,012			v <u></u>	<u> </u>	-	1,093,012			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>	1,715,701		2,979,162	-	16,268		17,998		4,729,129			
NET POSITION													
Invested in capital assets Restricted for landfill post-closure reserve Unrestricted, board designated	_	40,968		1,688,409 1,886,150 (1,047,043)		71,920		915,291 - (17,963)	_	2,644,668 1,886,150 40,988,180			
Total Net Position		42,022,234	<u> </u>	2,527,516		71,920	_	897,328		45,518,998			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	43,737,935	<u>\$</u>	5,506,678	\$	88,188	\$	915,326	<u>\$</u>	50,248,127			

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Operating Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Recycling Fund	Organics Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Solid waste charges Recycling and other revenue	\$ -	\$ 7,806,319 36,400	\$ - 118,318	\$ - 8,038	\$ 7,806,319 162,756
Total Operating Revenues	· <u> </u>	7,842,719	118,318	8,038	7,969,075
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Municipal solid waste and disposal costs		9,439,797		<u>-</u>	9,439,797
Recycling	August and August 1	and the second	1,058,288		1,058,288
Salaries	327,303		86,111	81,010	494,424
Professional fees and contract services	172,909			216,500	389,409
Household hazardous waste collection			312,523	` -	312,523
Transportation subsidy		250,000			250,000
Fringe benefits	146,070		33,795	40,197	220,062
Depreciation	14,562	-	•	183,429	197,991
Landfill expenditures	107,647	•	1		107,647
Trash disposal			83,833		83,833
Fuel				82,562	82,562
Repairs and maintenance		-		80,039	80,039
Insurance	50,528			14,387	64,915
Office supplies and expenses	31,412		424	3,600	35,436
Publicity			27,252	•	27,252
Rent	21,000				21,000
Miscellaneous	3,776		1,692	<u> </u>	5,468
Total Operating Expenses	875,207	9,689,797	1,603,918	701,724	12,870,646
Operating loss	(875,207)	(1,847,078)	(1,485,600)	(693,686)	(4,901,571)
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) Unrealized loss on investments Investment income and dividends Change in post-closure care costs	(8,222,803) 1,581,359	117,888			(8,222,803) 1,581,359 117,888
Total Nonoperating Income (Expenses)	(6,641,444)	117,888			(6,523,556)
Transfers In/(Out)	(3,644,113)	1,576,227	1,561,070	506,816	
Change in net position	(11,160,764)	(152,963)	75,470	(186,870)	(11,425,127)
TOTAL NET POSITION, beginning	53,182,998	2,680,479	(3,550)	1,084,198	56,944,125
TOTAL NET POSITION, ending	\$ 42,022,234	\$ 2,527,516	\$ 71,920	\$ 897,328	\$ 45,518,998

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Operatio Fund	ıg	Solid Waste Fund		cling ind		rganics Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from fees from customers for services Cash received from solid waste charges Cash paid to employees for services Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$ (468, 11,682,		8,016,871 (9,593,098)		41,196 - 118,254) 484,012)	\$	8,038 (117,766) (397,088)	\$	49,234 8,016,871 (704,269) 208,196
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	11,214,	145	(1,576,227)	(1,	561,070)) <u>- </u>	(506,816)	-	7,570,032
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment return	(6,641	444) _		1	-		-	-	(6,641,444)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(6,641	444)			<u>.</u>	-		1	(6,641,444)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash inflow/(outflow)	(3,644	.113)	1,576,227	1,	561,070		506,816		· · · · ·
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	(3,644	,113)	1,576,227	1,	561,070	1	506,816		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	928	,588					-		928,588
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	619	705	1.75 1.75	-	-	-		1	619,705
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,548	293	3 -	\$	- 1-	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	1,548,293
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	\$ (875	,207) \$	(1,847,078)	\$ (1,	485,600)	\$	(693,686)	\$	(4,901,571)
to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation	14	,562					183,429		197,991
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in accounts and other receivables	13,616	,556 -	(3) 174,152 (1,104,864)		(77,122)				13,616,553 97,030 (1,104,864)
Increase in lease receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in landfill post-closure reserve	11	,134	(9,334) 117,888						1,800 117,888
Increase in accounts payable and other payables Increase in accrued benefits	(1,558 5	,024) ,124	- 1 002 012		- 1,652		3,441		(1,558,024) 10,217 1,093,012
Increase in inflows	.	146	1,093,012	ф. /1	561 070)	\$	(506,816)	\$	7,570,032
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ 11,214	,145	(1,576,227)	\$ (1	561,070)	D	(200,010)	Φ.	1,310,032

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of SCRRRA conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity - The Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority ("SCRRRA") was organized for the purpose of developing and implementing a long-term solution to problems in regional resources recovery and the disposal of municipal solid waste in Southeastern Connecticut. The by-laws of SCRRRA were adopted on January 16, 1985. SCRRRA is made up of member municipalities who have elected to participate in SCRRRA.

SCRRRA entered into a Bridge and Management Agreement with the Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority ("CRRA") as of December 1, 1987. There are currently twelve towns participating in the Agreement. Under the Bridge and Management Agreement, CRRA was required to cause a resource recovery facility (the "Facility") to be constructed and operated for a twenty-five year period, and SCRRRA was required to provide the waste from the municipalities executing municipal service agreements to the Facility and to pay service fees to cover the costs of constructing and operating the Facility. In turn, the municipalities under the municipal service agreements were obligated to supply SCRRRA with waste and to reimburse SCRRRA for all signed Public June 6, 2014, Governor Malloy payments. On service fee Act 14-94, which established the Materials Innovation and Recycling Authority ("MIRA") as the successor authority to the CRRA. On July 28, 2016, the MIRA board of directors passed a resolution to terminate the Bridge and Management agreement. On July 12, 2017, an indemnification agreement was entered into between SCRRRA and MIRA. SCRRRA has entered into municipal service contracts for the disposal of solid waste through December 31, 2030.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - SCRRRA maintains a proprietary fund which includes enterprise fund types. The funds of SCRRRA are enterprise fund types. SCRRRA's operations and balances are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses.

Enterprise funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

SCRRRA's financial statements are reported using an economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

SCRRRA distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the disposal of solid waste. The principal operating revenues of SCRRRA are user fees from the member towns. Operating expenses include the cost of disposal of solid waste, salaries and fringe benefits, insurance, rent, utilities and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 20, SCRRRA applies all GASB pronouncements and all Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements, Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with GASB pronouncements.

SCRRRA's major funds consist of the Operating, Solid Waste, Recycling, and Organics Funds as described below:

Operating Fund - The administrative functions of SCRRRA are accounted for in the Operating Fund. All unrestricted resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in this fund.

Solid Waste Fund (an Enterprise Fund) - The Authority provides services in connection with the disposal of solid waste for its participating towns. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the disposal of solid waste. The principal operating revenues of SCRRRA are user fees from the member towns.

Recycling Fund (an Enterprise Fund) - The Authority provides single stream recycling through a private vendor for its member towns. SCRRA also provides electronics recycling, town transfer station support, and household hazardous waste collections at various times and locations throughout the region.

Organics Fund (an Enterprise Fund) - SCRRRA owns and operates a horizontal wood grinder. The wood grinder is used to chip brush at town transfer stations into more manageable and usable wood chips. SCRRRA also hauls chips at the request of member towns.

Cash Equivalents - For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, SCRRRA considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents at June 30, 2022.

Accounts Receivable - SCRRRA carries its accounts receivable at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, SCRRRA evaluates its accounts receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts, when deemed necessary, based on its history of past write-offs and collections, and current credit conditions. Management considered all accounts receivable to be collectible and, therefore, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts as of June 30, 2022.

Investments - In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This statement provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments are stated at fair value. SCRRRA invests in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office. The fair value of SCRRRA's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Beginning in fiscal 2016, the Authority also invested in mutual funds operated by Charles Schwab.

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position. Investment income includes all interest, dividends, and net realized gains and losses. The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method.

Capital Assets - Capital assets include property, plant, vehicles and equipment. Capital assets are defined by SCRRRA as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital Assets of the Authority are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings, structures and improvements 10 years Equipment 3-10 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Accrued benefits - A maximum of thirty earned vacation days may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment, at which time they are paid for accumulated unused vacation time. Accrued benefits are accrued at current salary rates. Accumulated vacation and sick leave earned and not paid as of June 30, 2022 were valued at \$121,712, and classified as a component of current liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

Interfund Transactions - Following is a description of the three basic types of interfund transactions and the related accounting policies:

Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund - these transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund.

Transactions to shift revenues or contributions from the fund budgeted to receive them to the fund budgeted to expend them - these transactions are recorded as operating transfers in and out.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Transactions to record equity contributions between funds - the receiving fund records such transactions as an addition to net position. The disbursing fund records the transaction as a reduction of net position.

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the related note payable. Restricted net position is limited to outside third party restrictions and represents the net position that has been legally identified for the specific purpose of the landfill post-closure obligations. Unrestricted net position can be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designated net position would be for SCRRRA's self-imposed limitations on the use of otherwise unrestricted net position. As of June 30, 2022 all of the unrestricted net position was undesignated.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Information - Annual appropriated operating budgets are adopted for the Authority by the Board of Directors. The Executive Director submits a detailed operating budget to the Executive Committee of the SCRRAA Board. Upon review and approval by the Executive Committee, the budget is published and presented to the SCRRAA Board for acceptance and approval.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3 requires governmental organizations to categorize their cash deposits and investments into three levels of risk. Category 1 includes amounts issued or collateralized with securities held by SCRRRA or by its agent in SCRRRA's name. Category 2 includes amounts which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of SCRRRA. Category 3 includes amounts which are uninsured and uncollateralized including any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the name of SCRRRA.

Cash Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, SCRRRA will not be able to recover its deposits. SCRRRA's investment policy does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

For purpose of this disclosure, cash deposits include bank deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of SCRRRA's unrestricted cash deposits totaled \$1,548,293. As of June 30, 2022 the bank balance totaled \$1,613,216, of which \$250,000 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (Category 1) as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Board Statement No. 3. All of the Authority's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by State statute. Under this statute, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. This percentage was 100%, and as a result, the remaining \$1,363,216 was collateralized at June 30, 2022.

Investments - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, SCRRRA will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. SCRRRA's investment policy does not include provisions for custodial credit risk, as SCRRRA does not invest in securities that are held by counterparties. In accordance with GASB No. 40, none of SCRRRA's investments require custodial credit risk disclosures. SCRRRA has no formal investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

SCRRRA does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

In general, State of Connecticut Statutes allow SCRRRA to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any State or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service.

Investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered and held by SCRRRA or its agent in SCRRRA's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in SCRRRA's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in SCRRRA's name. SCRRRA had no investments subject to categorization as of June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, SCRRRA, through its investment in Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), held investments in adjustable rate, asset backed corporate, Federal agency and other government bonds whose interest rate varies directly with short-term money market indices and are reset daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly and semi-annually. STIF accounts are operated by the State of Connecticut's Treasurer's Office.

The adjustable rate, asset backed corporate and Federal agency securities are rated AAA by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies. The adjustable rate securities' exposure to credit and legal risks are the same as the fixed rate securities of the same issuer.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, SCRRRA's investments consisted of the following:

Type of Investment	Fund Type	Fair Value	Risk Category
Charles Schwab Mutual Funds	Operating	\$43,885,719	3
Short-Term Investment Fund	Operating	\$2,042	*
Short-Term Investment Fund	Enterprise	\$274	*

^{*}Not applicable, since SCRRRA does not own identifiable securities, but invests as a shareholder of the investment pool.

The Authority categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Authority does not have any investments that are measured using Level 2 and 3 inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Authority's investments at fair value as of June 30, 2022.

유명하게 보고 하면 보고 하는 것이다.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Mutual funds - bonds	\$ 31,761,995	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,761,995
Mutual funds - equities	12,123,694	-	<u>-</u>	12,123,694
Mutual funds - money market	30	. 10 (-	<u>-</u>	30
STIF	2,316			2,316
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$ 43,888,035	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,888,035

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consists of the following:

	erating 'und	V	Solid Vaste Fund	Re	ecycling Fund		anics und	Total
Due from Member Towns	\$ 	\$		\$	87,949	\$	-	\$ 87,949
Accounts receivable other		C	6,210 07,318					6,210 807,318
Household hazardous waste			13,528	. —	87,949	-		901,477
Less allowance for doubtful accounts					-		_	
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	\$ 8	13,528	\$	87,949	\$		\$ 901,477

NOTE 4 - LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

Description	Balance at July 01, 2021	Issued/ Additions	Redeemed/ Matured/ Paid	Balance at June 30, 2022	Current Portion	Long-term Portion
Closure and post-closure						
care costs	\$ 2,004,038	\$	\$ (117,888)	\$ 1,886,150	\$ 118,752	\$ 1,767,398
Total	\$ 2,004,038	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ (117,888)	\$ 1,886,150	\$ 118,752	\$ 1,767,398

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

SCRRRA contributes to a SEP/IRA plan for its employees. The Board of Directors determines the contribution rate, which was 8.5% of the gross wages of eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2022. All employees are eligible to participate after six months of employment with SCRRRA and are 100% vested upon eligibility. Employer contributions made during the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$42,728. SCRRRA's total covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$480,257.

NOTE 6 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

SCRRRA has an agreement with the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut for the lease of the Montville Ash Landfill and surrounding area for a period of 99 years that provides the Mohegan's with the option to buy the land for \$1 at any time during the life of the lease. At the inception of the lease the Mohegan Tribe paid CRRA, for the benefit of SCRRRA, basic rent of \$2,000,000 which is non-refundable, plus \$2,000,000 to fund a Landfill Closure Reserve Fund, which is non-refundable and was used for the maintenance and monitoring of the landfill.

SCRRRA closed and capped the landfill and performed all other activities required under the landfill permits and other legal obligations. The Mohegan Tribe reimbursed SCRRRA for certain capping and closing costs related to the landfill. The landfill closure has been completed and approved by the Department of Environmental Protection.

During August 2013, SCRRRA relocated its administrative office to Gales Ferry, subject to a non-cancelable operating lease expiring on February 28, 2017. In January 2017, this lease was modified to a month-to-month basis. Operating expenses for this lease are the responsibility of the lessor and lessee, as defined in the rental agreements.

NOTE 6 - LEASE COMMITMENTS (Continued)

During 2022, SCRRRA implemented the requirements of GASB Number 87 pertaining to leases. The pronouncement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases and recognition of inflows and outflows of resources in accordance with the terms of the contract. These related assets and liabilities are accounted for at the present value of future monthly lease payments over the term of the lease discounted at the incremental rate at the time the contract is entered into. SCRRRA adopted this pronouncement effective July 1, 2021 with no material differences attributable to beginning fund balance, and therefore, no restatement was made of the beginning fund balance.

Under GASB 87, SCRRRA's month-to-month office lease in Gales Ferry is considered to be a short-term lease and is not subject to the requirements of GASB 87.

In February 2022, SCRRRA entered into a lease as the lessor with Covanta Southeastern Connecticut Company for use of the land on which Covanta's facility is built. The lease requires monthly payments of \$7,292 through February 2027. The lease includes the option for 4 additional renewals, each with 5-year terms. As of June 30, 2022, SCRRRA is reasonably certain Covanta will extend the lease for at least 2 more terms, through 2037. The future payments have been discounted to present value using a blend of the 10- and 20-year treasury rates to approximate a 15 year rate of 2.11%. The amount of the lease receivable and the deferred inflow of resources related to the future payments expected to be received are \$1,104,864 and \$1,093,012, respectively, as of June 30, 2022.

The deferred inflow of resources reflects the present value of these lease payments at lease inception amortized over the 15-year term of the lease on a straight-line basis. The lease receivable reflects the declining principal balance of the present value of the lease receivable.

NOTE 7 - WASTE TO ENERGY FACILITY

The waste-to-energy facility, which was completed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1992, was funded with bonds issued by CRRA, a political subdivision of the State of Connecticut. Once the bonds were paid, ownership of the facility was transferred to the operator, Covanta, with SCRRRA retaining ownership of the land.

The bonds used to finance the construction of the waste-to-energy facility were paid in full on November 15, 2015. Title to the facility was transferred to Covanta, the operator, on December 15, 2015. On February 17, 2017, SCRRRA entered into a new service agreement with the operator with an expiration date of December 31, 2020.

On January 1, 2021, SCRRRA entered into a 10-year waste disposal agreement with Wheelabrator Technologies, the operator of the Lisbon, Connecticut waste-to-energy facility with an expiration date of December 31, 2030.

NOTE 8 - LANDFILL CLOSURE OBLIGATION

State and Federal laws and regulations required SCRRRA to place a final cover on its Montville landfill site when the cell reached final grade and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after final closure. SCRRRA closed the landfill in 2001 and received certification from the State of Connecticut, Department of Environmental Protection.

Therefore, there is no remaining capacity or useful life. SCRRRA was required by State and Federal laws and regulations to maintain a reserve fund to finance closure and post-closure care. In February 2005, SCRRRA was granted approval by the State of Connecticut, Department of Environmental Protection to use the "local government financial test" by municipalities and state quasi-public authorities as the financial assurance mechanism for post-closure care at its solid waste landfill. As a result of this ruling, SCRRRA is currently using the "local government financial test" as the instrument for post-closure care financial assurance. SCRRRA was in compliance with these requirements at June 30, 2022, and in addition to satisfying such requirements, SCRRRA had investments in the amount of \$1,886,150 that were held as an additional reserve at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

SCRRRA is exposed to various risks and loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. SCRRRA purchases commercial insurance for all of its risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Description	Balance at July 01, 2021	Additions	Disposals	Balance at June 30, 2022
Depreciable assets:				
Leasehold improvements	\$ 180,694	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,694
Facilities and equipment	1,617,203			1,617,203
Vehicles	173,971			173,971
	1,971,868	•	-	1,971,868
Less: Accumulated				
depreciation	817,618	197,991		1,015,609
Total Depreciable Assets, net	\$ 1,154,250	\$ (197,991)	\$ -	\$ 956,259

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The capital assets as of June 30, 2022 listed by fund are as follows:

Description	Operating Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Recycling Fund	Organics Fund	Total
Depreciable assets: Leasehold improvements	\$ 180,694	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,694
Facilities and equipment Vehicles	78,304	- - - -		1,538,899 173,971	1,617,203 173,971
	258,998		-	1,712,870	1,971,868
Less: Accumulated depreciation	218,030			797,579	1,015,609
Total Depreciable Assets, net	\$ 40,968	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 915,291	\$ 956,259
<u>Description</u> Nondepreciable assets:	Operating Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Recycling Fund	Organics Fund	Total
Land	\$ -	\$ 1,688,409	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,688,409

The carrying cost of fixed assets related to the Montville Ash Landfill leased to the Mohegan Tribe of Indians has been reduced to reflect the option purchase price of \$1.

NOTE 11 - UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Unrestricted Net Position:

Board Des	ignated l	Reserves:
-----------	-----------	-----------

\$ 25,588,180
5,900,000
3,200,000
2,200,000
2,000,000
1,300,000
 800,000
\$ 40,988,180
\$

NOTE 12 - SINGLE STREAM RECYCLING AGREEMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2010, SCRRRA entered into an agreement with a private vendor, Willimantic Waste Paper Co., Inc. ("WWP") in order to establish a program for single stream recycling for its member towns. In 2015, the agreement automatically renewed for an additional five-year period through October 31, 2019. On October 1, 2019 SCRRRA renewed for an additional five-year period through September 30, 2024. The vendor has agreed to provide single stream recycling services to each of the Member towns. Each town that chooses to participate in the single stream recycling program is offered a separate agreement with WWP.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Southeastern Connecticut Regional
Resources Recovery Authority
Gales Ferry, Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund of the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority ("SCRRRA") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SCRRRA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered SCRRRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SCRRRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of SCRRRA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did

not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether SCRRRA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wethersfield, Connecticut
February 25, 2023

Statistical Section

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY EXHIBIT 1 - TIPPING FEES

/TI -- 114 - 1

(Unaudited)

FISCAL YEAR		PRICE PER TON	
1992		\$	62.00
1993		\$	79.00
1994		\$	98.00
1995		\$	87.00
1996		\$	86.00
1997		\$	84.00
1998		\$	79.00
1999	1/2	\$	75.50
1999	1/2	\$	62.00
2000		\$	59.00
2001		\$	58.00
2002		\$	57.00
2003		\$	57.00
2004		\$	60.00
2005		\$	60.00
2006		\$	60.00
2007		\$	60.00
2008		\$	60.00
2009		\$	60.00
2010		\$	60.00
2011		\$	60.00
2012		\$	60.00
2013		\$	60.00
2014		\$	58.00
2015		\$	58.00
2016		\$	58.00
2017		\$	58.00
2018	y y	\$	58.00
2019		\$	58.00
2020		\$	58.00
2021		\$	58.00
2022		\$	58.00

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY EXHIBIT 2 - TONNAGE DATA REPORT BY TOWN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

	Municipal Solid Waste	Single Stream <u>Recycling</u>
Town of East Lyme	10,235	2,025
Town of Griswold	4,712	37
Town of Groton	25,411	1,157
Town of Ledyard	6,265	1,465
Town of Montville	13,278	1,805
City of New London	19,788	1,174
Town of North Stonington	3,485	321
City of Norwich	23,134	3,423
Town of Preston	2,867	173
Town of Sprague	1,120	92
Town of Stonington	11,853	3,894
Town of Waterford	12,191	2,067
Other	331	
Total tonnage	134,669	17,633

SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT REGIONAL RESOURCES RECOVERY AUTHORITY EXHIBIT 3 - OPERATIONAL BENEFIT TO TOWNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

	Number of		Savings Benefit
Reporting Period (July 2021 - June 2022)	Units/Weight	to Towns	
Alkaline Batteries (Pounds)	8,632	\$	3,884
Tires (Units)	9,859		26,109
Fluorescent Bulbs (Pounds)	20,532		8,007
Electronic Waste (Tons)	346		116,766
Freon (Units)	7,718		46,308
Oil & Antifreeze (Gallons)	18,050		16,100
Oil Filters, Oily Debris (55 Gal Drums)	20		1,425
Wood Grinder Service (Hours)	553		322,625
Chip Hauling	621		225,860
Propane Tanks	Not Applicable	N	ot Applicable
Mattresses (Units)	19,026		112,444
Household Hazardous Collections (Cars)	4,220		174,833
Tip Fees - Trash	134,669		1,478,454
Tip Fees - Recycling	17,633		1,127,632
Transportation Subsidy			250,000
Total		\$	3,910,447